

ADS8372EVM

This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the ADS8372 16-bit, 600 kHz, high speed, serial interface Analog-to-Digital converter Evaluation Board (EVM). A complete circuit description, schematic diagram, and bill of materials are included.

The following related documents are available on the TI web site at www.ti.com.

| Data Sheets: | Literature Numbers: |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| ADS8372 | SLAS451 |
| REF1004C-2.5 | SBVS002 |
| SN74AHC1G125 | SCLS377 |
| THS4131 | SLOS318 |
| OPA627AU | SBOS165 |

Contents

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----|
| 1 | EVM Overview | 2 |
| 2 | Analog Interface..... | 2 |
| 3 | Digital Interface | 4 |
| 4 | Power Supplies | 5 |
| 5 | Using the EVM | 5 |
| 6 | ADS8372EVM Bill Of Materials | 7 |
| 8 | Board Layers | 9 |
| 9 | Schematics | 11 |

List of Figures

| | | |
|---|---------------------------|----|
| 1 | Input Buffer Circuit..... | 3 |
| 2 | Top Layer | 9 |
| 3 | Power Plane | 9 |
| 4 | Ground Plane | 10 |
| 5 | Bottom Layer..... | 10 |

List of Tables

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| 1 | Analog Input Connector | 2 |
| 2 | Jumper Setting | 4 |
| 3 | Pinout for Serial Control Connector P2 | 4 |
| 4 | Power Supply Test Points | 5 |
| 5 | Power Connector (J3) Pin Out | 5 |
| 7 | ADS8372EVM Bill of Materials..... | 7 |

1 EVM Overview

1.1 Features

- Full-featured evaluation board for the ADS8372 16-bit, 600 kHz, single channel, high-speed serial-interface analog-to-digital converter (ADC)
- On board signal conditioning
- On board reference
- Input and output digital buffer

2 Analog Interface

The ADS8372EVM ships with buffer U13 configured in a unity-gain, single-ended to differential out configuration. The common-mode voltage pin of the THS4131 is factory set to 2.0 V on the evaluation module, and can be adjusted using potentiometer RP1. The potentiometer connects between the output of reference buffer U3 and ground. The single-ended input signal can be applied at pin-connector P1 pin 2 or via SMA connectors J2 (non-inverting input). The buffer circuit can be reconfigured for a fully differential input by installing resistors R4 and R31 and removing R16. The inverting leg of the differential signal can be connected to connector P1 pin 1 or SMA connector J1 (inverting input). See [Table 1](#) for the pinout of the analog connector, P1. See [Section 9](#) for the EVM schematic diagrams.

The analog-to-digital converter accepts a pseudo-bipolar differential input. A pseudo-bipolar differential signal is a differential signal that has a common-mode voltage such that each leg is always equal to or above zero volts. The common mode voltage should be half the reference voltage. The peak-to-peak amplitude on each input leg can be as large as the reference voltage.

Table 1. Analog Input Connector

| Description | Signal Name | Connector pin# | | Signal Name | Description |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Inverting Input | -IN | P1.1 | P1.2 | +IN | Non-inverting Input |
| Reserved | N/A | P1.3 | P1.4 | N/A | Reserved |
| Reserved | N/A | P1.5 | P1.6 | N/A | Reserved |
| Reserved | N/A | P1.7 | P1.8 | N/A | Reserved |
| Pin tied to Ground | AGND | P1.9 | P1.10 | N/A | Reserved |
| Pin tied to Ground | AGND | P1.11 | P1.12 | N/A | Reserved |
| Reserved | N/A | P1.13 | P1.14 | N/A | Reserved |
| Pin tied to Ground | AGND | P1.15 | P1.16 | N/A | Reserved |
| Pin tied to Ground | AGND | P1.17 | P1.18 | N/A | Reserved |
| Reserved | N/A | P1.19 | P1.20 | REF+ | External Reference Input |

2.1 Signal Conditioning

It is a recommended practice to buffer the analog input to any SAR-type converter with a high-speed, low-noise amplifier with fast settling time. The amplifier circuit shown in [Figure 1](#) is the buffer circuit used on the ADS8372EVM. This circuit consists of the THS4131, a high-speed, low-noise, fully differential amplifier configured as a single-ended in to differential out, unity gain buffer. This circuit was optimized to achieve the AC specifications (i.e., SNR, THD, SFDR, etc.) listed in the ADS8372 data sheet.

The type of input capacitors used in the signal path can make a few decibels of difference in AC performance. Polypropylene or COG-type capacitors are recommended for the input signal path.

Polypropylene capacitors cause the least distortion of the input signal and have excellent long-term stability, but are expensive and bulky. COG ceramic capacitors cost less, come in smaller packages and perform as well as polypropylene capacitors in many applications, but are not as stable over time and temperature. The 68 pF and 6800 pF capacitors installed on the EVM are low-cost COG type, manufactured by TDK Corporation.

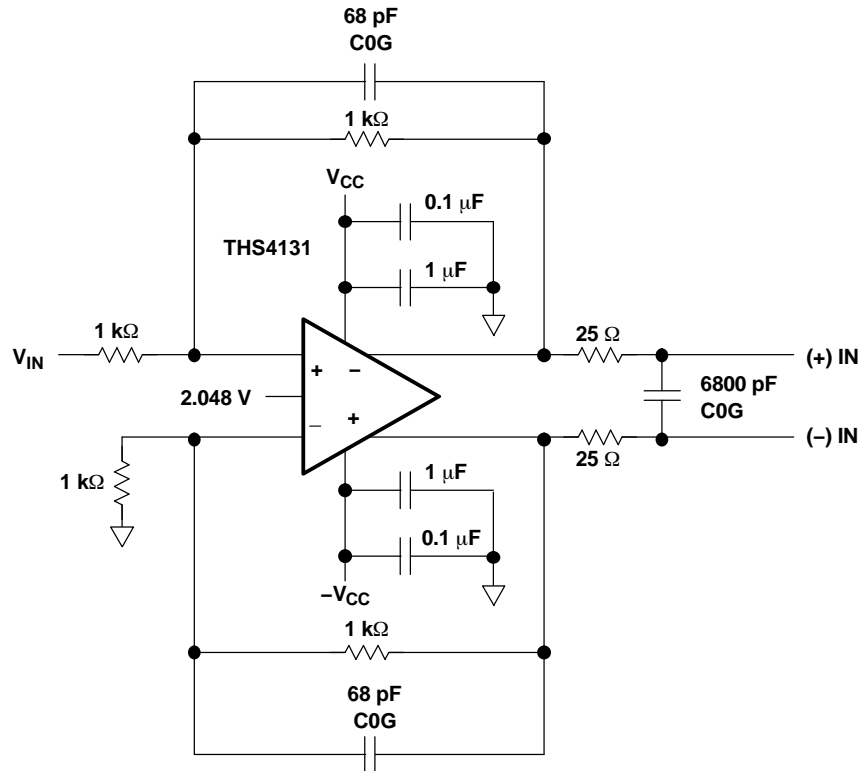


Figure 1. Input Buffer Circuit

2.2 Reference Voltage

The EVM allows the designer to select internal, on-board, or user-supplied reference-voltage sources. The internal reference is a 4.096 V reference voltage generated by the ADS8372 on pin 9. The on-board reference can be either a REF3040 (U1) or REF1004-2.5 (U14). The EVM ships with the REF1004-2.5 installed. The reference amplifier, U3, is set for a gain of 1.6, enabling it to take a 2.5 V input and output 4.1 V for use with the converter, or as part of the common-mode voltage circuit for the input buffer (U13). The user-supplied reference voltage is applied to connector P1 pin 20, and can be routed through the reference buffer and filtered, if desired. The EVM allows a number of configurations. Refer to [Table 1](#) for jumper settings, or the full schematic in [Section 9](#) for more information. The common footprint for U14 allows users to evaluate this converter with various reference ICs.

The EVM ships with the internal reference tied directly to the reference pin of the converter.

Table 2. Jumper Setting

| Reference Designator | Description | Pins/Pads | |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | 1-2 | 2-3 |
| SJP1 | Buffer onboard reference (REF1004-2.5) | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ | Open |
| | Buffer user supplied reference voltage applied at P1 pin 20. | Open | Shorted |
| SJP2 | Connect external reference directly to SJP4 | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ | Open |
| | Connect buffered external reference to SJP4 | Open | Shorted |
| SJP3 | Connect U3 negative supply to ground | Shorted | Open |
| | Connect U3 negative supply to -VCC | Open | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ |
| SJP4 | Connect internal reference to REFIN | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ | Open |
| | Connect external reference to REFIN | Open | Shorted |
| SJP5 | Connect common-mode voltage to VOVM pin of THS4131 | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ | N/A |
| W1 | Connect +5VD to BVDD | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ | Open |
| | Connect +3.3VD to BVDD | Open | Shorted |
| W3 | Set power down signal (PD) high | Shorted | N/A |
| W4 | Set frame sync signal (FS) high | Shorted | N/A |
| W5 | Set chip select signal (CS) low | Shorted ⁽¹⁾ | N/A |

⁽¹⁾ Factory Installed

3 Digital Interface

The ADS8372EVM is designed for easy interfacing to multiple platforms. Samtec plug and socket connectors provide a convenient dual row header/socket combination at P1 and P2 to plug into prototype boards or ribbon cable over to user system boards.

The digital input and output signals for the converter is available at connector P2 on the ADS8372EVM, see [Table 3](#) for the connector pinout.

Table 3. Pinout for Serial Control Connector P2

| Description | Signal Name | Connector Pin | | Signal Name | Description |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| Chip Select | \overline{CS} | P2.1 | P2.2 | N/A | Reserved |
| Serial Clock | SCLK | P2.3 | P2.4 | DGND | Ground |
| Reserved | N/A | P2.5 | P2.6 | N/A | Reserved |
| Frame Sync | FS | P2.7 | P2.8 | N/A | Reserved |
| Reserved | N/A | P2.9 | P2.10 | N/A | Reserved |
| Reserved | N/A | P2.11 | P2.12 | N/A | Reserved |
| Serial Data Out | SDO | P2.13 | P2.14 | N/A | Reserved |
| BUSY | BUSY | P2.15 | P2.16 | N/A | Reserved |
| Convert Start | \overline{CONVST} | P2.17 | P2.18 | DGND | Ground |
| Power down | PD | P2.19 | P2.20 | N/A | Reserved |

4 Power Supplies

The EVM accepts four power supplies

- A differential (\pm) dc supply for the dual-supply op amps. The maximum recommended voltage is ± 15 Vdc
- A single +5.0 V dc supply for the analog section of the board (A/D + Reference).
- A single +5.0 V or +3.3 V dc supply for digital section of the board (A/D + buffers).

There are two ways to provide these voltages. The first is to connect the voltages to the test points listed in [Table 4](#).

Table 4. Power Supply Test Points

| Test Point | Signal | Description |
|------------|--------|--|
| TP1 | +VA | Connect +15.0 V dc supply for amplifier |
| TP2 | -VA | Connect -15.0 V dc supply for amplifier |
| TP3 | +BVDD | Apply +3.3 V dc or +5.0 V dc. See ADC data sheet for full range. |
| TP4 | +AVCC | Apply +5.0 V dc |

The second is to use the power connector J3, and derive the voltages elsewhere. [Table 5](#) gives the pinout for J3. If using this connector, set W1 jumper to connect +3.3VD or +5VD from J3 to +BVDD. Shunt pins 1-2 to select +5VD, or pins 2-3 to select +3.3VD as the source for the digital-buffer-voltage supply (+BVDD).

Table 5. Power Connector (J3) Pin Out

| Signal | J1 Pin | | Signal |
|-----------|--------|----|------------|
| +VA(+15V) | 1 | 2 | -VA(-15 V) |
| +5VA | 3 | 4 | N/C |
| DGND | 5 | 6 | AGND |
| N/C | 7 | 8 | N/C |
| +3.3VD | 9 | 10 | +5VD |

5 Using the EVM

The ADS8372EVM serves three functions:

1. As a reference design
2. As a prototype board
3. As a software test platform

5.1 Reference Design

As a reference design, the ADS8372EVM contains the essential circuitry to showcase the analog-to-digital converter. This essential circuitry includes the input amplifier, reference circuit, and buffers. The EVM analog-input circuit is optimized for a 100-kHz input signal; therefore, users may need to adjust the resistor and capacitor values to accommodate higher frequencies. In ac-type applications where signal distortion is concern, polypropylene or C0G type capacitors are recommended for use in the signal path.

Typical fully-differential amplifiers configured for single-ended in to differential out can distort the signal in an attempt to equalize the input pins. This distortion is specially evident when step inputs are applied. Therefore, users who will be applying a step input to the converter should use discrete amplifiers for the single-ended-to-differential conversion of the signal. The *Differential Input, Differential Output Configuration* circuit shown in the *Theory of Operation* section of the ADS8372 datasheet (literature number SLAS451) can be used. In applications where the input is continuous, the single amplifier solution using the THS4131, can effectively drive the converter inputs.

5.2 Prototype Board

As a prototype board, the buffer circuit has resistor pads for configuring the input as either single-ended or fully differential input. The input circuit can be modified to accommodate user prototype needs, whether it be evaluating another differential amplifier or limiting noise for best performance. The analog, power, and digital connectors can be made to plug into a standard 0.1" breadboard or ribbon cables to interface directly to FPGAs or processors.

5.3 Software Test Platform

As a software test platform, connectors P1 and P2 plug into the serial interface connectors of the 5-6K interface card. The 5-6K interface card plugs into the C5000 and C6000 Digital Signal Processor starter kits (DSK). Refer to the *5-6K Interface Card User's Guide* ([SLAU104](#)) for more information.

6 ADS8372EVM Bill Of Materials

The following table contains a complete bill of materials for the ADS8372EVM. The schematic diagram is also provided for reference. Contact the Product Information Center or email dataconvapps@list.ti.com for questions regarding this EVM.

Table 7. ADS8372EVM Bill of Materials

| QTY | Value | Reference Designators | Footprint | Manufacturer | Manufacturer's Part Number | Description |
|-----|-----------------|---|-----------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 | 49.9 | R1 | 603 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-3EKF49R9V | RES 49.9 Ω 1/16 W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 1 | 1.2 k Ω | R2 | 603 | Yageo America or Alternate | 9C06031A1201FKHFT | RES 1.20 k Ω 1/10 W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 4 | NI | R3 R4 R5 R31 | 805 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | |
| 8 | 100 Ω | R6 R21 R22 R23 R24 R25 R26 R27 | 603 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-3EKF1000V | RES 100 Ω 1/16 W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 1 | 100 Ω | R7 | 805 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-6ENF1000V | RES 100 Ω 1/10 W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 7 | 10 k Ω | R8 R10 R11 R12 R13 R32 R39 | 603 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-3EKF1002V | RES 10.0K Ω 1/16 W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 1 | 910 Ω | R14 | 805 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-6GEYJ911V | RES 910 Ω 1/8 W 5% 0805 SMD |
| 3 | 1 k Ω | R15 R16 R17 | 805 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-6ENF1001V | RES 1.00 k Ω 1/10 W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 1 | 768 Ω | R18 | 603 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-3EKF7680V | RES 768 Ω 1/16 W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 2 | 0 Ω | R19 R36 | 603 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-3GEY0R00V | RES ZERO Ω 1/16 W 5% 0603 SMD |
| 2 | 1 k Ω | R28 R29 | 603 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-3EKF1001V | RES 1.00 k Ω 1/16 W 1% 0603 SMD |
| 1 | NI | R30 | 603 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | |
| 2 | 24.9 Ω | R33 R34 | 805 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-6ENF24R9V | RES 24.9 Ω 1/10 W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 1 | 49.9 k Ω | R35 | 805 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-6ENF4992V | RES 49.9 k Ω 1/10 W 1% 0805 SMD |
| 2 | 0 | R37 R38 | 1206 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ERJ-8GEY0R00V | RES 0 Ω 1/4 W 5% 1206 SMD |
| 1 | 47 μ F | C1 | 1206 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C3216X5R0J476M | CAP CER 47 μ F 6.3 V X5R 20% 1206 |
| 5 | 1 μ F | C2 C3 C4 C5 C45 | 805 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C2012X7R1E105K | CAP CER 1.0 μ F 25 V X7R 0805 T/R |
| 3 | 1 μ F | C6 C7 C44 | 603 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C1608X5R1A105KT | CAP CER 1.0 μ F 10 V X5R 10% 0603 |
| 15 | 0.1 μ F | C8 C9 C10 C11 C12 C13 C17 C18 C19 C20 C21 C22 C23 C26 C28 | 603 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C1608X7R1E104K | CAP CER 0.10 μ F 25 V X7R 10% 060 |
| 5 | 2.2 μ F | C14 C15 C24 C25 C27 | 603 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C1608X5R1A225MT | CAP CER 2.2 μ F 6.3 V X5R 20% 0603 |
| 5 | NI | C29 C42 | 603 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | |
| 9 | 0.01 μ F | C35 C36 C37 C38 C39 C40 C41 C55 C58 | 603 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C1608X7R1H103KT | CAP CER 10000 pF 50 V X7R 10% 0603 |
| 1 | 10 μ F | C34 | 3528 | Kemet or Alternate | T491B106K016AS | CAPACITOR TANT 10 μ F 16 V 10% SMD |
| 1 | 6800 μ F | C46 C43 C63 | 805 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C2012C0G1H682J | CAP CER 6800 pF 50 V C0G 5% 0805 |
| 4 | 10 μ F | C47 C48 C49 C50 | 1206 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C3216X5R1C106KT | CAP CER 10 μ F 16 V X5R 20% 1206 |
| 4 | 10 μ F | C51 C52 C53 C54 | 6032 | Panasonic - ECG or Alternate | ECS-T1EC106R | CAP 10 μ F 25 V Tantalum TE SMD |
| 2 | 68 pF | C32 C33 | 603 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C1608C0G1H680J | CAP CER 68 pF 50 V C0G 5% 0603 |
| 2 | 0.01 μ F | C56 C57 | 1206 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C3216X7R1H103KT | CAP 10000 pF 50 V CERAMIC X7R 1206 |
| 4 | 1000 pF | C59 C60 C61 C62 C64 | 603 | TDK Corporation or Alternate | C1608C0G1H102KT | CAP CER 1000 pF 50 V C0G 0603 T/R |
| 2 | NI | C30 C31 | 805 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | 1/10 W 0805 Chip resistor |

Table 7. ADS8372EVM Bill of Materials (continued)

| QTY | Value | Reference Designators | Footprint | Manufacturer | Manufacturer's Part Number | Description |
|-----|--------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 | 10 kΩ | RP1 | BOURNS_3296Y | Bourns Inc. | 3296Y-1-103 | POT 10 kΩ 3/8" SQ CERM SL MT |
| 4 | | L1 L2 L3 L4 | 805 | TDK Corporation | MMZ2012R601A | FERRITE CHIP 600 Ω 500 mA 0805 |
| 2 | NI | U1 U2 | 3-SOT-23 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | REF3040 50 ppm/°C, 50 μA in SOT23-3 CMOS voltage reference |
| 1 | | U3 | 8-SOP(D) | Texas Instruments | OPA627AU | DiFet amplifier |
| 7 | | U5 U6 U7 U8 U9 U10 U11 | 5-SOT(DBV) | Texas Instruments | SN74AHC1G125DBVR | Single bus buffer gate/line driver with 3-state output |
| 1 | ADS8372 | U12 | 28-PQFP(QFN) | Texas Instruments | ADS8372IBRHPT | ADS8372 16-bit serial 600 ksps |
| 1 | THS4131 | U13 | 8-SOP(D) | Texas Instruments | THS4131ID | High-speed low noise, fully differential I/O amplifiers |
| 1 | REF1004-2.5 | U14 | 8-SOP(D) | Texas Instruments | REF1004C-2.5 | 2.5 V Micropower voltage reference |
| 1 | 3POS_JUMPER | W1 | 3pos_jump | Samtec | TSW-103-07-L-S | 3 Position jumper _ 0.1" spacing |
| 3 | 2POS_JUMPER | W3 W4 W5 | 2pos_jump | Samtec | TSW-102-07-L-S | 2 Position jumper _ 0.1" spacing |
| 1 | SJP2 | SJP5 | SJP2 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | Pad 2 position jumper |
| 4 | SJP3 | SPJ1 SPJ2 SPJ3 SPJ4 | SJP3 | NOT INSTALLED | NOT INSTALLED | Pad 3 position jumper |
| 2 | SMA_PCB_MT | J1 J2 | SMA_JACK | Johnson Components Inc. | 142-0701-301 | Right angle SMA connector |
| 1 | Power supply | J3 | 5x2x0.1_ SMT_SOCKET | Samtec | SSW-105-22-S-D-VS | 0.025" SMT socket - bottom side of PWB |
| 1 | | | | Samtec | TSM-105-01-T-D-V-P | 0.025" SMT plug - top side of PWB |
| 2 | 10x2x0.1 | P1 P2 | 10x2x0.1_ SMT_LPUG_ &_SOCKET | Samtec | SSW-110-22-S-D-VS | 0.025" SMT socket - bottom side of PWB |
| 2 | | | | Samtec | TSM-110-01-T-D-V-P | 0.025" SMT plug - top side of PWB |
| 10 | TP_0.025 | TP1 TP2 TP3 TP4 TP5 TP6 TP7 TP8 TP11 TP12 | test_point2 | Keystone Electronics | 5000K-ND | Test point PC MINI 0.040"D black |
| 4 | TP_0.25 | TP10 TP13 TP9 TP14 | test_point2 | Keystone Electronics | 5001K-ND | Test point PC MINI 0.040"D black |

8 Board Layers

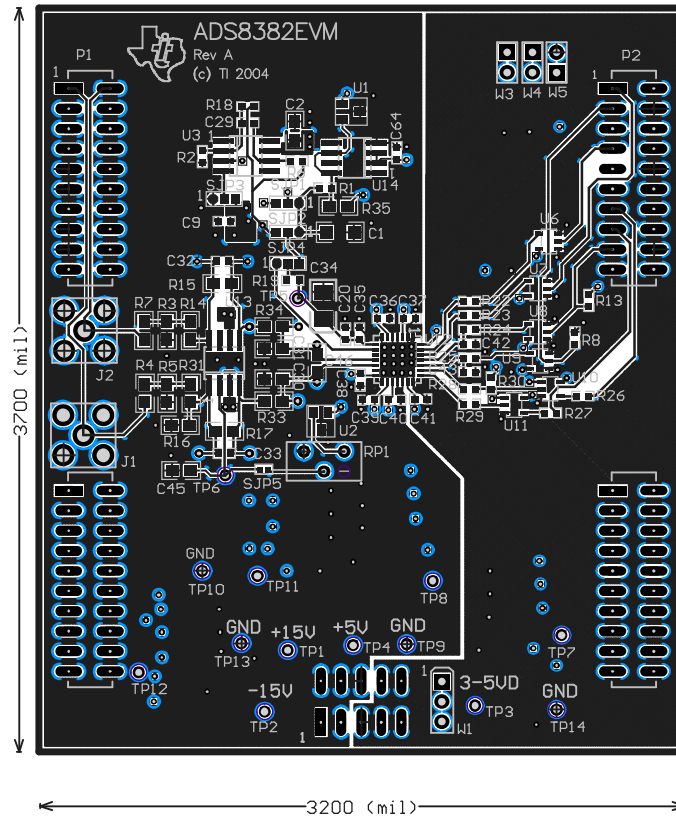


Figure 2. Top Layer

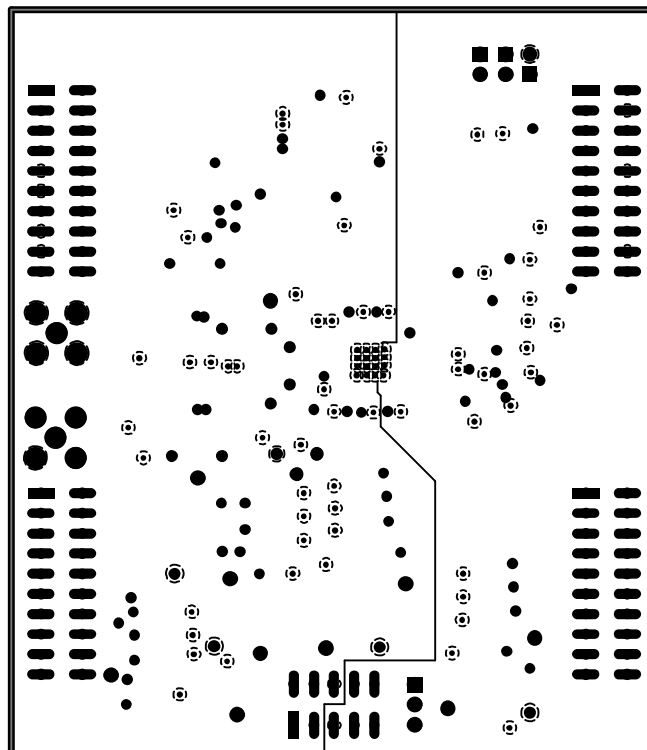


Figure 3. Power Plane

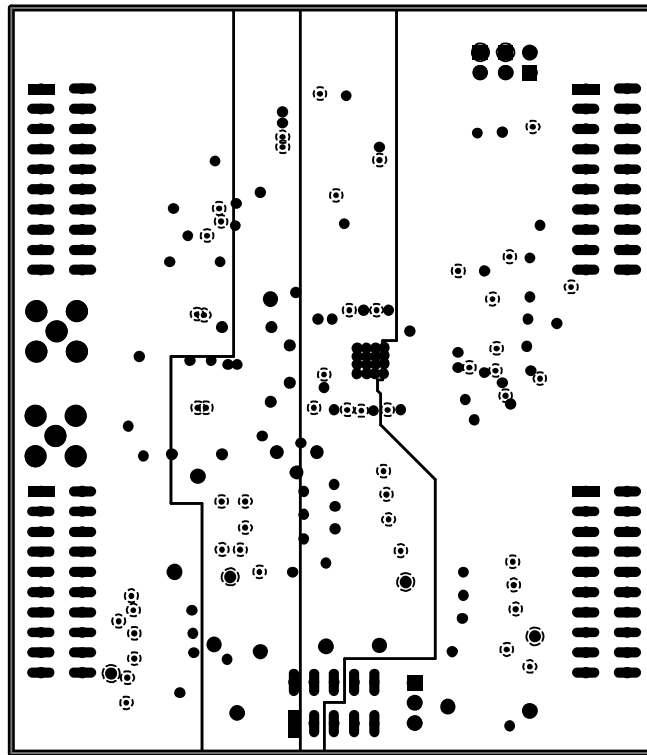


Figure 4. Ground Plane

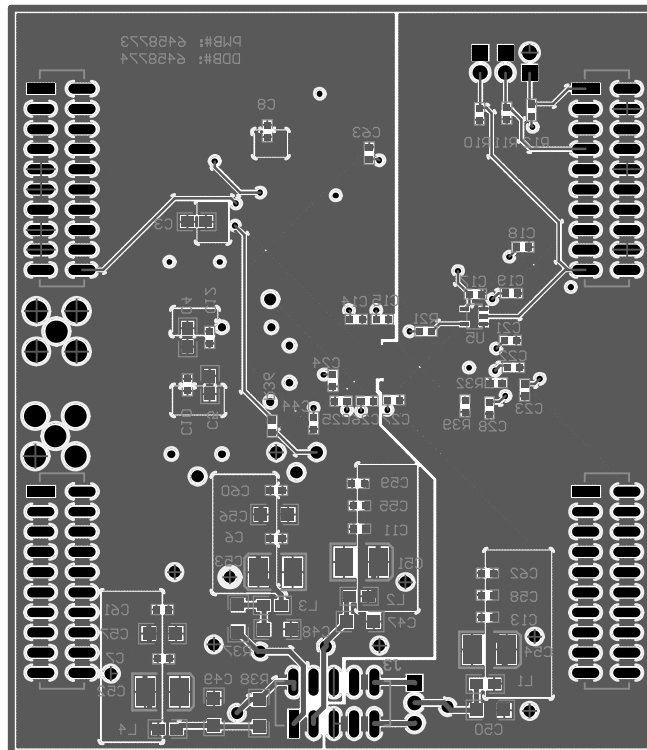
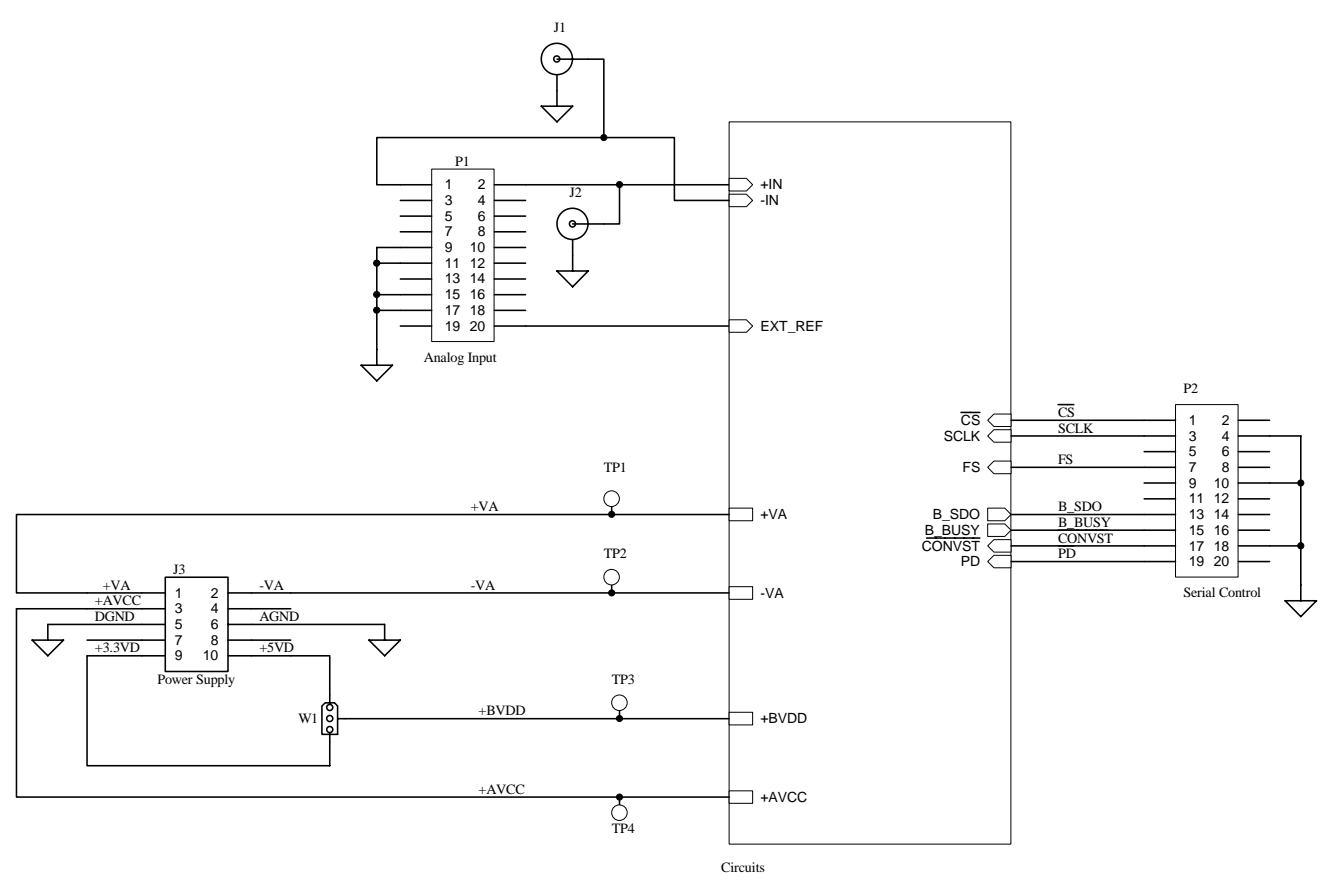


Figure 5. Bottom Layer

9 Schematics

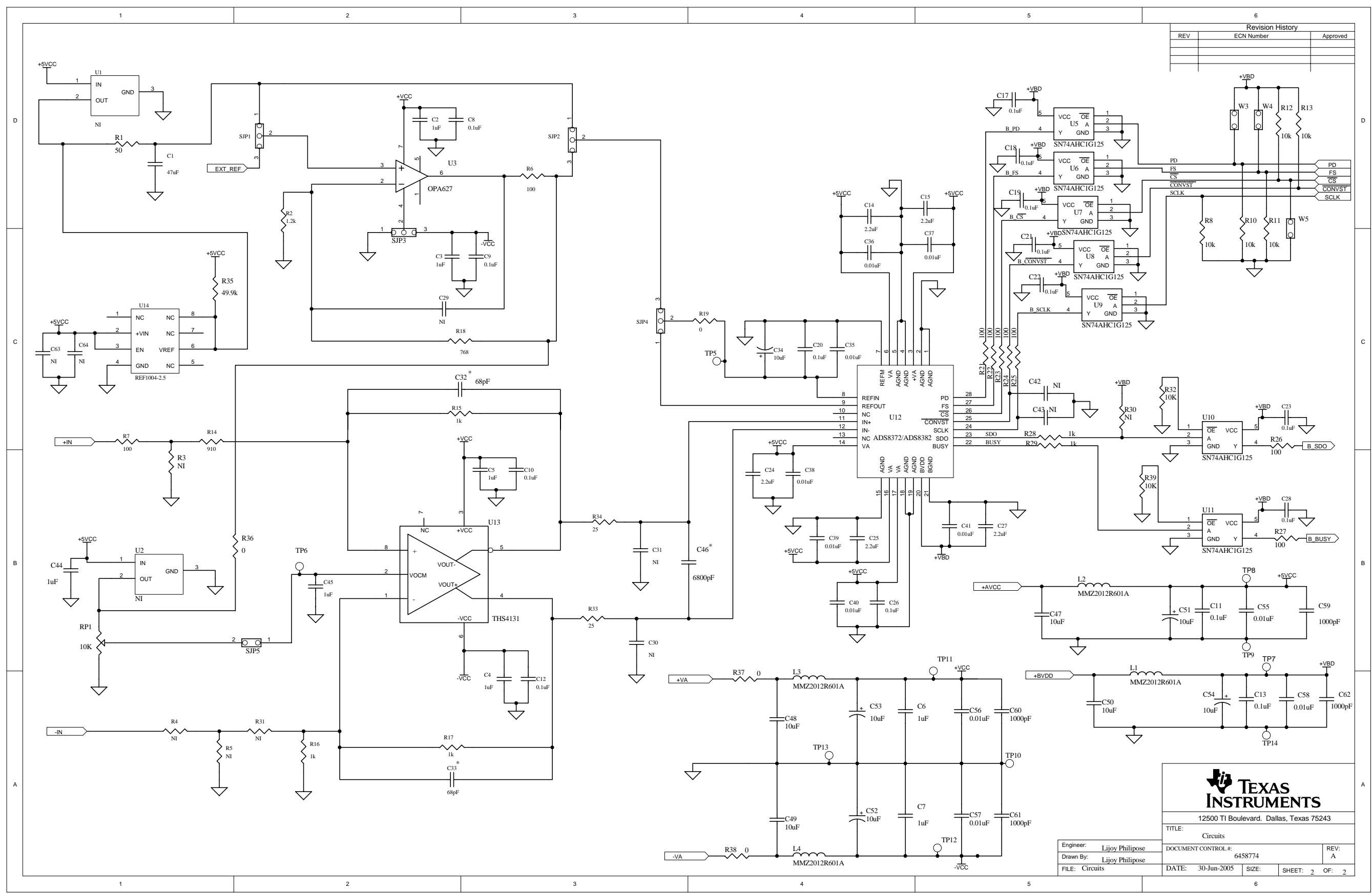
Schematic diagrams are appended following this page.

| Revision History | | |
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| REV | ECN Number | Approved |
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| Engineer: Lijoy Philipose | DOCUMENT CONTROL #: 6458774 | REV: A |
| Drawn By: Lijoy Philipose | DATE: 30-Jun-2005 | SIZE: SHEET: 1 OF: 2 |
| FILE: BlockDiagram.sch | | |

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